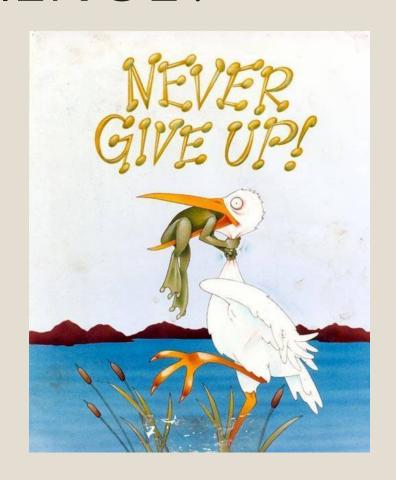


# YOUR CHILD AS AN ADULT

- Visualisation exercise
- Hard working
- Stick at things that are hard BUT ALSO
- Know when to stop trying if they decide their efforts are not worthwhile for them
- Empathetic
- Can handle strong emotions
- Ask for help when they need it

# WHAT IS RESILIENCE?

The ability to recover from setbacks, adapt well to change and keep going in the face of adversity



### LONG TERM OUTCOMES FOR RESILIENCE

- Improved learning and academic achievement more likely to take risks in learning
- Cope better with life's stressors
- Protective against mental illness
- Reduced absences from work/study due to illness
- Reduced adverse risk taking behaviours such as excessive drinking, drugs, etc.
- Increased involvement in community and family activities
- Live longer, better physcial health

(Written by Joshua Miles, Integrative Psychotherapist and Bereavement Counsellor, 2015)

## HOW DO WE DEVELOP RESILIENCE?

- Personality factors
- Model resilience adults in the family, school, community
- PRAISE EFFORT NOT PERFORMANCE
- Explicitly teach social and emotional skills
- Allow children unstructured time away from adults and with other children......

#### THE POWER AND IMPORTANCE OF PLAY

# WHAT WE HAVE LEARNED FROM ANTHROPOLOGICAL STUDIES

- Peter Gray, a well known professor of play, has studied play in Hunter-Gatherer tribes.
  Things he noticed were:
  - Unlimited time and freedom to play, mixed age groups
  - Indulgence of children's, no bedtime, trusted, autonomy and egalitarian
  - Exposed to all aspects of adult culture
  - Play focuses on social skills, lack of competitive games
  - Children reportedly cheerful, little conflict, self controlled, highly autonomous, emotionally regulated
- Play allows practise of skills needed as adults
- Negative connotations of "play" trivial, waste of time, diversion from responsibility
- We now know play is VITAL to normal development of social and emotional skills

Video: Nutters

# MYTHS ABOUT HOMEWORK

- Homework has ZERO impact on academic achievement in the primary school years (Example - meta-analysis by Cooper, Robinson and Patall spanning 1987 – 2003)
- Learning activities that are interest driven and not forced upon the child are beneficial
- Myth: Doing homework during primary school will create good habits for high school.
- Scenario...
- Truth: Children will develop study habits when they need them and are more developmentally ready for them.

# THINGS TO TRY

- Allow your children unstructured play time everyday
- Praise their EFFORT not their performance e.g. "Wow, you tried really hard at that" to encourage perseverance
- Allow your children to experience strong emotions e.g. "You look sad, would you like a hug?" not "Stop crying or I'll give you something to cry about".
- Model resilience

# RESOURCES

- Book by Dr Justin Coulson: 9 ways to a resilient child
- Book by Dr Judith Locke, The Bonsai Child
- 3 Bridges Tuning in to Teens parenting program
- Journal article: www.journalofplay.org/sites/www.journalofplay.org/files/pdf-articles/1-4-article-hunter-gatherer-social-existence.pdf
- Kidsmatter website: www.kidsmatter.edu.au