# Framework for Learning from Home – Year 2 T2W3

You will need help from a parent/carer. Show each completed activity to your parents so they can check it and/or help you post it on Seesaw.

Remember to have regular breaks throughout the day for crunch and sip, recess and lunch, stretching and moving throughout the house in between activities.

Task	Help set the table for dinner.	Check the weather for today.	Practise tying up your shoelaces.	Sweep the crumbs off the floor in your kitchen.	Clean up your room/toys.
Morning	English Speaking and listening Explain the life cycle of a	<b>English</b> <u>Spelling</u> Read your spelling	English <u>Spelling</u> Read your spelling	<b>English</b> <u>Spelling</u> Read your spelling	<b>English</b> <u>Spelling</u> Read your spelling
	frog, butterfly or flower. You may wish to include a picture to help you explain the lifecycle.	words from Unit 12. Write your words into your book.	words from Unit 12 www.soundwaveskids.c om.au.	words from Unit 12 www.soundwaveskids.c om.au.	words from Unit 12 www.soundwaveskids.c om.au.
	Describe it and explain how you made it by uploading a video or a voice recording to Seesaw. Please limit your	Complete Unit 12 in your Soundwaves textbook. <u>Reading</u> Log in to the in2era	<u>Write your words into</u> <u>your book</u> . Write your words using <i>farey</i> writing.	Write your words into your book. Type 10 of your spelling words onto a document. See if you can challenge	Write your words into your book. Make a comic strip using some of your spelling words. Draw the
	You will upload <u>one</u> news presentation for the week.	library: <u>www.in2era.com.au</u> Username: reading2020	Explore some sounds and play the games for this unit on www.soundwaves.kids.c	yourself and type them in different fonts and colours. Explore some sounds	characters to make an interesting story. Explore some sounds and play the games for



Sp	pelling	Password:	om.au	and play the games for	this unit on
ар	oprox. 30 mins	reading2020	Reading	this unit on	www.soundwaves.kids.c
	ead your spelling ords from Unit 12	Please note: For this website to function	Listen to story: Rose Meets Mr Wintergarten	www.soundwaves.kids.c om.au	om.au <u>Reading</u>
	ww.soundwaveskids. om.au. /rite your words into our book. hoose 10 interesting ords from your spelling	correctly, you must use an up-to-date browser such as Chrome, FireFox, Edge or Safari. Click on 'Readalong', then choose your level	Look at the first and last pictures in the book. Write a list of the differences you can see between the two pictures.	Reading Log in to the in2era library: www.in2era.com.au Username: reading2020	Pronouns Pronouns take the place of nouns so you don't have to repeat nouns too much. Examples:
	play	and the book your teacher has asked you to read. Choose a <i>non-fiction</i> book to read aloud with a parent/carer. What are three facts you have learnt from reading it? <u>Writing</u>	Write a paragraph explaining how Mr Wintergarten changed. Before writing think about: What was Mr Wintergarten like at the beginning of the story? What made him change? What was he like at the end of the story?	Password: reading2020 Remember to use an up- to-date browser such as Chrome, FireFox, Edge or Safari. Click on 'Readalong', then choose your level and the book your teacher has asked you to read.	his her him they it their <b>Rose</b> (noun) moved into a new house. <b>Her</b> (pronoun) backyard had lots of flowers. The word <b>her</b> in the sentence is talking about Rose Write the sentences in your book and circle the
an thi wv on <u>Re</u> Lis	xplore some sounds nd play the games for is unit on ww.soundwaves.kids.c m.au eading sten to story – Rose eets Mr Wintergarten	Story map Watch the short <u>video</u> on Seesaw about using a Story Map. Use the story map template to map out the beginning, middle and end of the story "When	Writing	or Choose a <i>non-fiction</i> book to read aloud with a parent/carer. Read it aloud together. Was the title a good one for this book? Why or	pronouns. "He is mean" said Emily. "We will take him some hot cakes instead" said mum. His dinner was cold, grey and uninviting. In your book write three

Make a list of words to describe Rose and Mr Wintergarten. Rose Mr Wintergarten

#### Some ideas:

(on Seesaw)

short mean tall young lonely friendly old happy colourful grumpy

## <u>Writing</u>

#### Sizzling starter

Use the picture to write a sizzling starter (an exciting and interesting start) for a story. Remember to introduce the character and setting. Use nouns and adjectives to describe sounds, smells, things that can be touched, seen or tasted to make your writing more interesting. Draw a picture. Rose Meets Mr Wintergarden". Write a sentence or a paragraph for each part. Introduction/orientatio

Introduction/orientation (beginning)



Problem or complication (middle)



Resolution (end, how the problem is solved)



<u>Character Description</u> Write some words to describe the main character "Mr Wintergarden" using nouns and adjectives. Use the words to write descriptive sentences.



why not?

#### Writing Setting Description

Make a list of nouns and adjectives to describe the setting of Mr Wintergarden and Rose's homes in the picture below.

Use these words to write some descriptive sentences about the setting.



Write your own list of settings that you could use in imaginary stories eg forest, beach, etc. Write these neatly into your book. sentences using a pronoun in each sentence. Circle the pronouns.

## <u>Writing</u>

Exciting ending

Write a different ending to the story "When Rose meets Mr Wintergarden". Start from the part in the story where Rose is at Mr Wintergardens house and the story says: "But when Rose had gone, Mr Wintergarden slowly pushed back his chair, and did something he hadn't done in years...." and change the ending of the story to your own new and exciting ending. How can you make your ending an exciting endina?

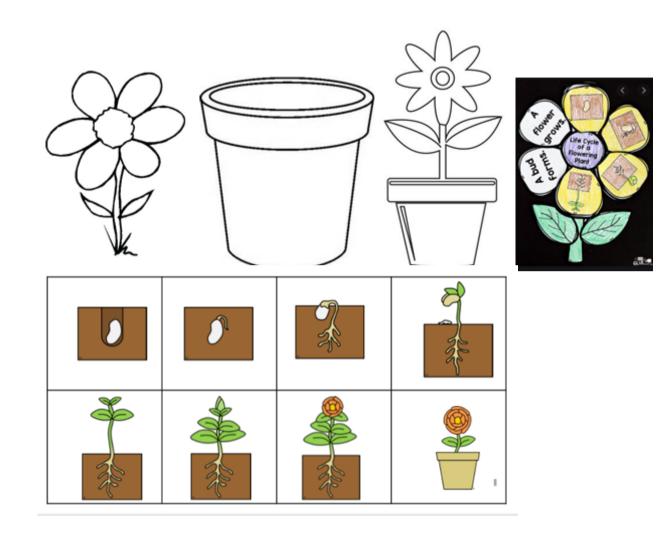
		Setting     Story Map     Characters       Beginning     Middle     End			
Break	Break	Break	Break	Break	Break
Middle	Mathematics	Mathematics	Mathematics	Mathematics	Mathematics
	2D Shapes	<b>Multiplication</b>	<b>Multiplication</b>	<b>Multiplication</b>	2D Shapes
	<ul> <li>A 2D Shape is a flat shape. It can be laid flat on a piece of paper.</li> <li>Watch the video on Seesaw explaining sides and corners.</li> <li>Make a table with 4 columns. Label them: <i>Name, Drawing, Sides,</i> <i>Corners.</i></li> <li>Using a square, triangle, circle, rectangle, pentagon and hexagon, fill in the table.</li> <li>Using the 6 shapes from the table, find an object around you home for each shape.</li> <li>Write a sentence about each object.</li> </ul>	Skip count by 2s up to 30 and then back down to 0: "2, 4, 6, 8" Go as fast as you can! Then repeat the activity but saying it like a times table: "1 times 2 is 2, 2 times 2 is 4" Now find six small objects – toys, socks, counters – and place them in a line. That is 1 group of 6. Now make 2 lines of 3, then 3 lines of 2 and finally 6 groups of 1.	Skip count by 3s up to 36 and then back down to 0: "3, 6, 9" Then repeat the activity but saying it like a times table: "1 times 3 is 3, 2 times 3 is 6" When we say '4 groups of 2 is 8', it is the same as saying '4 times 2 equals 8', which we can write as $4 \times 2 = 8$ . This is called <i>multiplication</i> . So if we have 3 chairs and each chair has 4 legs, we can multiply 3 by 4 to work out how many legs there are in total. '3 sets of 4 legs is 12 legs in total' or $3 \times 4 = 12$ . Look around your house or the classroom for equal groups of tables,	Skip count by 4s up to 48 and then back down to 0: "4, 8, 12" The repeat the activity but saying it like a times table: "1 times 4 is 4, 2 times 4 is 8" Draw a circle on a piece of paper. Cut the circle out and cut it in half. Then cut the halves in half. You should have 4 pieces. Draw pizza toppings to put on each quarter. Make sure each quarter has the same amount of toppings eg 4 mushrooms on each slice, 2 pieces of pepperoni on each slice, 3 pieces of feta cheese on each slice.	Watch the video on Seesaw explaining slides and flips. On a piece of paper, draw a triangle, square, rectangle and hexagon. Make sure you use a ruler, and that they are not too small or too big. Cut out your shapes. On another piece of paper or page in your book, lightly draw a straight line across the page. Trace around your triangle making sure it is on the line. Now slide your triangle along the line and trace what it looks like. Try to flip your triangle along the line and trace what it looks like.

E.g. A book is a rectangle. It has sides and corners. Go to the games section and play a game on www.imathskids.com.au	So we can make the number 6 with 1 group of 6, 2 groups of 3, 3 groups of 2 or 6 groups of 1. When we line objects up in equal groups like this, we call it an <i>array</i> . What do you notice about the <i>arrays</i> for 2 groups of 3 and 3 groups of 2? Try making arrays for the following numbers: 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 Which number has the greatest number of arrays? Which numbers can only have 1 line in their arrays? Draw or photograph your	chairs, tiles or other objects. Use multiplication to check how many there are in total, then count them to check your answer. Example: '2 sets of 7 stripes is 14 stripes in total' or $2 \times 7 =$ 14.	Use times tables to calculate the amount of each topping e.g mushrooms $4 \times 4 =$ Pepperoni $4 \times 2 =$ Go to the games section and play a game on www.imathskids.com.au	Label your drawings with "slide" or "flip". Repeat this with the other shapes you have cut out. Go to the games section and play a game on www.imathskids.com.au
	work and send your answer to your teacher on Seesaw. Make sure			

		that you have included all the information. Go to the games section and play a game on <u>www.imathskids.com.au</u> <u>Handwriting</u> Complete the next double page from your handwriting book. You may choose to complete the double page spread over a few days this week.	Draw or photograph your work and send it to your teacher on Seesaw. Go to the games section and play a game on www.imathskids.com.au		
Break	Break	Break	Break	Break	Break
Afternoon	<ul> <li>Science and Technology</li> <li>Have a think about what you already know about living things. Answer the following questions in your workbook:</li> <li>1. What are living things?</li> <li>2. What do living things do?</li> <li>3. What do living things need to survive?</li> <li>4. List 5 living things in your local area.</li> </ul>	Science and Technology You are to take part in a field study. Go outside and choose one living thing,either a plant or an animal eg tree, weed, grass, ant, bird, snail etc. Observe that living thing and draw and fill in the table below in your workbook.	<b>Community Language</b> Complete the Community Language activities on Seesaw	History Many things have changed over the years and have made our lives in the present different to what it was like in the past. Look at the pictures on the template and click on the pencil tool to write 'past' or 'present' under each object. Look for some items around your home that you would like to include	CAPA-Art Draw a picture of a flower with 8 large petals. Put your flower in a flowerpot. Use the pictures of "The Lifecycle of a Flower" to draw in each of the petals. Start on the top petal and work your way clockwise around your flower. Colour your work in your

things from your d area) picture of the	
	ame them st' or Past and Present

CAPA- ART - The Life Cycle of a Flower



	Hundreds Chart						
_	_			_	_		_
-				-	-	_	+
					-		+
_	_				_		_
-	-			-	-	-	+
-	-	-		-	-	-	+



# Term 2 Week 2 Spelling Words help he's hide half have here who who's happy having jeep jar age gym germ jelly large giant jerk page Sight Words November These what along too **History Activity** Picture Sorting - Past and Present ÷ Write 'past' or 'present' under each picture. Can you label each picture?





education.nsw.gov.au